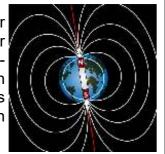
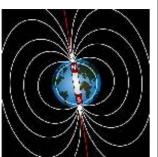


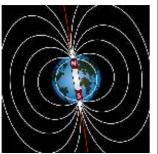
GOD did it FIRST!

The Magnetic Compass

AGNETIC compasses have been used for hundreds of years to help people find their way. How do they work? The simplest compasses have a floating metal needle which always points in the same direction. This is because the earth is like a giant magnet with an invisible "magnetic field" (right).







A compass needle points towards the earth's "magnetic pole", which is somewhere near the North Pole. This means you can use a compass to show you where north, south, east and west are even without a map or a "Sat-Nav."

Did you know that God created the first magnetic compass? For many years scien-

pigeons use earth's magnetic field to navigate!

tists couldn't understand how birds like homing pigeons (above) could find their way home after being released in places they had never been to before. Scientists used X-Rays to examine the pigeons' upper beaks, and discovered tiny iron

Evolution can't explain how those iron particles got into the pigeons' beaks. This is another example of God doing it first!

particles which change direction, like a compass needle. This means that



You can make a simple compass with a needle, piece of cork and bowl of water See www.wikihow.com/Make-a-Compass You may need an adult to help you

GOD CARES FOR BIRDS, BUT CARES MORE FOR US!

☐ IRDS are wonderful creatures. There are so many different kinds. Some are very beautiful, with dazzling colours. Some can fly long distances, while others can't fly at all. God must have really enjoyed creating them in all their great variety!

dence we have. Modern-type birds were living at the same time as dinosaurs, and the feathers of birds could never have evolved from the scales of reptiles. We believe birds have always been birds since God created them in the beginning.

The idea that birds evolved from dinosaurs doesn't fit with the evi-

God cares for all His creatures, including birds. His Son, Jesus, said: "Look at the birds in the air. They don't plant or harvest or store food in barns. But your heavenly Father feeds the birds." (Matthew 6: 26). Jesus also said that God cares for sparrows, and reminded His disciples, "Don't be afraid. You are worth much more than many sparrows." (Luke 12: 6).

A sparrow feeding her babies in their nest. She cares for them, and God cares, too.

Jesus came from heaven to earth to show that God loves and cares for us. Unlike sparrows, we need God's forgiveness for all the wrong things we have done. That's why Jesus died on the cross for us. "If we confess our sins, he will forgive our sins... He will make us clean from all the wrongs we have done." (1 John 1: 9). Jesus came back to life again, and all who accept Him will live with Him for ever. In 1905 Civilla D. Martin wrote these words:

I sing because I'm happy, I sing because I'm free, For His eye is on the sparrow, And I know He watches me. Can you sing those words, and really mean them?



A simple magnetic compass



PUZZLE ANSWERS

8. Pigeon. 9. Swan. 10. Ostricl 6. Parrot. 7. Peacock. 3. Eagle. 4. Penguin. 5. Magpi 1. Swallow, 2. Sparrow. **JUMBLED BIRDS:**

10. Extra bush. 9. Missing sheep. 7. Missing trees. 8. Extra rabb flowers. 6. Sun lower.

4. Missing smoke. 5. Extra tree. 3. Rabbit moved. 1. Extra birds. 2. Less fruit on SPOT THE DIFFERENCE:

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cathered

Birds are some of the most wonderful of God's designs!

Birds that can't fly

There are some kinds of bird which can't fly. Some people say they have "lost" the power of flight. If that's true, then it's not evolution. It seems more

likely that God designed them the way they are. Ostriches (left) are the largest birds, and can run at more than 40 miles an hour! Penguins (below) don't fly in the sky, but they do "fly" under the water! They have flippers instead of wings, but they are still birds.

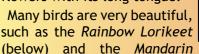




The ground-living Kiwi (above left) lives in New Zealand. It's feathers are more like hairs.

THE LORD GOD MADE THEM ALL!

Birds come in lots of shapes and sizes, from the giant Albatross which flies up to 120,000 km (75,000 miles) in a year over the ocean, to the tiny Bee Hummingbird which hovers in the air to suck nectar from flowers with its long tongue.





left). Many people believe that this beauty was an accident, but we believe that God made them. In the The Bee Hummingbird is words of the writer of

Duck



Wandering Albatrosses are the largest

flying birds, measuring up to 3.7 metres

(12 feet) across their wings!

only 6cm (2.4 ins) long!

the hymn All Things Bright and Beautiful: "He made their glowing colours; He made their tiny wings."

The tail that made Charles Darwin feel sick!



Charles Darwin persuaded many people that all living things came by gradual evolution, but he had a problem explaining why peacocks (left) have such beautiful tail feathers. In 1860, in a letter to a friend, he admitted: "The sight of a feather in a peacock's tail, whenever I gaze at it, makes me sick!" Why would these birds need such a tail, since many birds survive very well without such brilliant colours? A

peacock's tail would

make it more easily seen by its enemies, and, being so big. would also slow it down. Each feather has a beautiful eye pattern (right). How could this have evolved by accident? As the feathers grow, the pattern in each feather stays in perfect shape. This looks like the work of a Creator who loves beauty!

ALSO IN THIS ISSUE: Did dinosaurs turn into

birds? Did birds *learn* to fly? Modern birds lived with dinosaurs! **Nature Notes:** Why we have 4 seasons Feathers from Scales? "Missing link" was a true bird! Look at a feather! Puzzle Corner

The Magnetic Compass God cares for birds, but cares more for us!

God did it first!



d by CPO Worthing





The Tundra Swan (above) has 25,000 feathers!

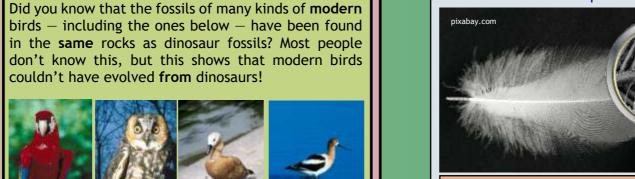
FEATHERS FROM SCALES: REALLY?

Reptiles have scales and birds have feathers. The evolution theory says that feathers evolved from the scales of reptiles, which somehow got frayed, but when we look at the difference between scales and feathers this idea seems unbelievable. Scales are just folds in the skin, and reptiles moult (lose their whole skin) regularly, to replace their scales. Feathers each grow from a single "root" known as a follicle, and birds moult their feathers separately.



LOOK AT A FEATHER!

If you find a feather, feel it and look at it closely. If you use a magnifying glass, you will see that it's made of tiny hooks and barbs, which "zip" together, making it warm and waterproof. A feather is really one of God's masterpieces!



Modern birds lived with dinosaurs!



T. Rex



Avocet

NATURE NOTES by the editor

DID DINOSAURS TURN INTO BIRDS?

THE theory of evolution says that everything must L have evolved from something else. So we are told

that gradually, over millions of years, birds evolved from dinosaurs like T. Rex (right). This would have meant that

dinosaurs needed to shrink to become at least 200 times

smaller! Can you really believe that tiny hummingbirds

evolved from giant dinosaurs? There are no fossils to

DID BIRDS LEARN TO FLY?

show that this actually happened.

Did they practise

wings, or by jumping

right the first time?

God made every bird that flies (The Bible, Genesis 1: 2)

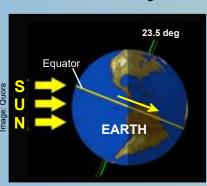
by running and

flapping their

out of trees?

Suppose they

didn't get it



If you live in the northern or southern hemisphere away from the equator you will know that the length of day and night changes. When the days are shortest it's winter and when they are longest it's summer. In between come autumn and spring, making the four seasons (right). This is because the earth, which is spinning like a top every 24 hours, is not perfectly upright but tilted 23.5 degrees (left).

The earth travels around the sun once each year. It can only shine on half of the earth at once, so the part that is tilted away from it has winter, with less sunshine

and shorter days. Then, in summer, the same part is tilted towards the sun, giving it more sunshine and longer days. When countries in the northern hemisphere are having winter, those in the southern hemisphere have their summer. The North and South Poles have 6 months of darkness in winter and 6 months of daylight in summer! Most scientists believe that life on earth would be difficult, or even impossible if our planet were upright, because, most of the sun's heat

would then fall on the equator, while the lower and higher parts would be too cold.

Some scientists say that the earth was once spinning upright, until, millions of years ago, some huge object collided with it. There is no evidence for this — it's just a story. Our wonderful world, with its changing seasons, life and beauty, is surely not the way it is because of some accidental collision! We believe God created it the way it is, and He promised: "As long as the earth continues, there will be planting and harvest. Cold and hot, summer and winter, day and night will not stop." (Genesis 8: 22). — Geoff Chapman





When fossils of Archaeopteryx (left) were first found in 1861, many people said it was a "missing link" between dinosaurs and birds, because it had feathers, and also teeth and wing claws. However, some

"Missing link" was a true bird!

modern birds have wing claws. and some ancient birds had teeth. The fact is, Archaeopteryx was a true bird with real feathers. and could fly like modern birds.



shows it was a true bird

PUZZLE CORNER

Can you spot the 10 differences between pictures 1 and 2?



Unjumble the names of the birds below:

- 1. SLOWWAL
- 2. WARPROS
- 3. GALEE
- 4. GUNINEP
- 5. MIEPAG
- 6. ROTARP
- 7. KACECOP
- 8. GIPONE
- 9. NAWS
- 10. CHORITS

(Answers on the next page)

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